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ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR 7163-32 11/27/2001 Max Schaldach 3174 09/996,061 21324 7590 07/19/2004 **EXAMINER** HAHN LOESER & PARKS, LLP THALER, MICHAEL H TWIN OAKS ESTATE **ART UNIT** PAPER NUMBER 1225 W. MARKET STREET AKRON, OH 44313 3731

**DATE MAILED: 07/19/2004** 

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		V	
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary	09/996,061	SCHALDACH ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	_
	Michael Thaler	3731	
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days,  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state of the period for reply will be stated by the Office later than three months after the meaning part of the period for reply will be stated by the Office later than three months after the meaning part of the period for reply will be stated by the Office later than three months after the meaning part of the period for reply will be stated by the Office later than three months after the meaning part of the period for reply will be stated by the Office later than three months after the meaning part of the period for reply will be stated by the Office later than three months after the meaning part of the period for reply will be stated by the Office later than three months after the meaning part of the period for reply will be period for reply	N. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thir iod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOr atute, cause the application to become Al	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) ▼ T  3) Since this application is in condition for allocation accordance with the practice under the second s	his action is non-final. wance except for formal mat	•	
Disposition of Claims		·	
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-52 is/are pending in the applicate 4a) Of the above claim(s) 7,9-13,19,20,35-4  5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-6,8,14-17,21-34,41,51 and 52 is 7) ☐ Claim(s) 18 is/are objected to.  8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction an Application Papers  9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Example 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ an Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the continuing The oath or declaration is objected to by the	IO and 42-50 is/are withdrawn  I/are rejected.  I/are rejection requirement.  I/are rejection requirement.  I/are rejected or b) □ objected to the drawing(s) be held in abeyon rection is required if the drawing	by the Examiner. nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•	
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International Bur * See the attached detailed Office action for a	ents have been received. ents have been received in A priority documents have been reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	application No  received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)	,		
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/Paper No(s)/Mail Date 11/27/01.</li> </ol>	Paper No(	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152) 	

Art Unit: 3731

Applicant's election with traverse of Invention I and the species of figure 1 in the reply filed on May 19, 2004 is The traversal is on the ground(s) election between Inventions I and II should not be required since the examiner has not demonstrated that the stent of claim 1 may be made by another and materially different process than This is not found persuasive because the that of claim 19. process as claimed in claim 19 can be used to make another and materially different product. For example, it could be used to make a stent comprising tissue which is not elastic, noting that claim requires the tissue to be elastic. Upon reconsideration, claims 1-6, 8, 14-18, 21-34, 41, 51 and 52 are generic.

Claims 7, 9-13, 19, 20, 35-40 and 42-50 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected invention and species, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Applicant timely traversed the restriction (election) requirement in the reply filed on May 19, 2004. Contrary to applicant's remarks, claims 44 and 47 do not read on the elected species since they directly or indirectly depend from claim 43 which is admitted by applicant as being drawn to a non-elected species.

Art Unit: 3731

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Claim 18 is objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c) as being in improper form because a multiple dependent claim should refer to other claims in the alternative only. See MPEP § 608.01(n). Accordingly, the claim 18 has not been further treated on the merits.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 6, 8, 14-17 and 30-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. In claim 6, lines 2-3, it is not understood what "portion wise manner" means. Claims 30-34 are unclear for the same reason. In claim 8, line 2, there is no antecedent basis for "the hardening agent". The preamble of claim 14 indicates that the stent is not part of the claimed combination ("for implanting a stent"). However, claim 14 depends from claim 1 in which the stent is positively recited as being claimed. Thus, the scope of claim 14 is unclear. Claim 16 is indefinite for the same reason.

Application/Control Number: 09/996,061

Art Unit: 3731

Page 4

Claims 14-17 are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim. Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form. The preamble of claim 14 indicates that the stent is not part of the claimed combination. However, claim 14 depends from claim 1 in which the stent is positively recited as being claimed. Claim 16 has the same problem.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the

Art Unit: 3731

differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-3, 5, 21 and 25 are rejected U.S.C. 102(e) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Atala (2003/0208279). Atala discloses a stent 10 inherently capable of being deployed in a coronary artery (note the term "blood vessels" in paragraphs [0002] and [0013]) comprising a tubular body (figure 1) for condition expansion from a first to a second condition (paragraph [0063]) wherein the tubular body includes at least a first wall portion comprising human or animal tissue (paragraphs [0013] and [0041]) of adequate elasticity (paragraph [0063]). Alternatively, it would have been obvious that the Atalá stent is capable of being deployed in a coronary artery since it is small enough to fit into blood vessels. As to claims 5 and 25, the Atala tissue is inherently capable of being hardened if and when a hardening agent is applied thereto.

Claims 4, 22-24 and 26-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Atala (2003/0208279). Atala fails to disclose the tissue being genetically modified. However, it is old and well known in this art to genetically modify tissue in order to obtain favorable characteristics for

Application/Control Number: 09/996,061

Art Unit: 3731

it. It would have been obvious to genetically modify the Atala tissue so that it too would have this advantage.

Claims 1, 2, 5, 6, 25 and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Turi (5,556,414). Turi discloses a coronary stent 20 (col. 1, lines 40-42) comprising a tubular body (figure 1) for expansion from a first condition to a second condition (col. 8, lines 1-5) wherein the tubular body includes at least a first wall portion (the wall of the entire composite prosthesis 20) comprising human or animal tissue (26) of adequate elasticity. Alternatively, it would have been obvious that the tissue 26 of the Turi stent 20 has adequate elasticity since it expands with the cylindrical member 22. As to claims 6 and 30, Turi discloses hardening agent (the adhesive described in col. 5, lines 49-52).

Claims 4, 8, 22-24, 26-29, 32-34 and 41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Turi (5,556,414). As to claims 4 and 22-24, Turi fails to disclose the tissue being genetically modified. However, it is old and well known in this art to genetically modify tissue in order to obtain favorable characteristics for it. It would have been obvious to genetically modify the Turi tissue so that it too would have this advantage. As to claims 8 and 41, Turi fails to disclose

the hardening agent (adhesive) enclosed in microcapsules. However, it is old and well known in this art to enclose adhesive in microcapsules in order to obtain the advantage of easily deploying the adhesive on the surface. It would have been obvious to enclose the Turi adhesive in microcapsules so that it too would have this advantage.

Page 7

Claims 31 and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Turi (5,556,414) in view of Atala (2003/0208279). Turi fails to disclose the tissue being cartilage (noting that claims 31 and 33 indirectly depend from claim 3). However, Atala teaches that tissue on a stent should be cartilage (paragraph [0041]) apparently in order to make the stent biocompatible(paragraph [0013]). It would have been obvious to make the Turi tissue cartilage so that it too would have this advantage.

Claims 14-17, 51 and 52 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Berg et al. (5,680,873). As to these claims, which, as best understood, do not include the stent as being part of the claimed combination, Berg et al. disclose a catheter which is inherently capable of implanting a stent comprising a distal end region (the distal portion of the balloon catheter described in col. 10, lines 13-16 and col. 11, lines 1-3), a

Application/Control Number: 09/996,061

Art Unit: 3731

holding device for holding the stent (the balloon on the balloon catheter which is inherently capable of holding a stent placed thereon) and sheathing device 22 characterized in that an application device (the feed passage of guide catheter 22 through which dye passes as described in col. 7, lines 17-20) is provided at the sheathing device for applying a medium which is capable of flow to a surface of the stent. Alternatively, it would have been obvious that the Berg et al. balloon catheter is capable of implanting a stent since stents are frequently implanted by a balloon. As to claim 15, Berg et al. disclose an application opening (at the extreme distal end of guide catheter 22). As to claim 16, the Berg et al. sheathing device 22 has an anti-adhesion coating 40.

Page 8

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Thaler whose telephone number is (703) 308-2981. The examiner can normally be reached Monday to Friday.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703)872-9306.

Application/Control Number: 09/996,061 Page 9

Art Unit: 3731

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-0858.

mht 7/13/04 MICHAEL THALER PRIMARY EXAMINER ART UNIT 3731